

## THE EVENING FARMER

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C. A. MENET, Representative.



MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1909.

## "MOSLEM ANSWER TO CHRISTENDOM"

James Creelman, the well-known magazine writer, is now in Turkey, charged by Pearson's Magazine with an investigation of the recent massacre of 30,000 Christians by Moslems. His first article is entitled, "The Moslem Answer to Christendom." He has interviewed the Sheikh-ul-Islam, who may be called the doctrinal head of the Moslem religion and who authorized the deposition of Abdul Hamid upon the ground that he had violated Moslem laws. The Sheikh-ul-Islam denies that Moslem law calls for murderous opposition to Christianity, and adds that the Moslem principle of "Islam or the sword" is "contrary to our sacred law."

Mr. Creelman has also interviewed Mahmud Chekik Pasha who was the leader of the movement resulting in the deposition of Abdul Hamid, and who says that the deposed Sultan "alone caused the massacres" and that "there will be no more massacres of Christians in Turkey."

In Mr. Creelman's opinion, based upon these interviews and others, "the Moslem religion and its real teachers are not to be blamed for the massacres in Asia Minor." All of the interviewed authorities agree in attributing the massacres to the deposed Sultan, Abdul Hamid, and Mr. Creelman accepts their assertions as truthful and also gives full credit to their statement that there will be no more massacres.

But Mr. Creelman's article indicates that he has not yet investigated the other side of the case, the Christian side. It may be well to suspend judgment until the investigation is ended, the evidence all in, and both sides fully presented. The statements attributed to the Sheikh-ul-Islam, Mahmud Chekik and others are so contradictory of current belief as to Moslem principles and laws that we are warranted in hesitating to accept them as yet. Nor are the motives attributed to Abdul Hamid sufficient, in our belief, to account for his alleged inspiration of the massacres; it seems incredible that so skilled a tactician should have deliberately thus affronted the Christian powers.

As above stated, it may be well to await the completion of the case before reaching a decision.

France is to have an income tax in 1911. It not only taxes the incomes of the French people but also those of foreigners who may be domiciled in France for a year or more. Great Britain has had an income tax for many years, which is the government's largest source of income, producing about \$165,000,000 last year.

That well-known writer on dietary subjects, Dr. Woods Hutchinson, asserts that half the trouble with us in the summer time is lack of nourishment; that the common feeling of lassitude, distress and irritation is due to nerves that are craving for food. He thinks that we should eat not much less in summer than in winter. The exact amount he places at ten per cent, less, but he adds that this is so small, measured by mouthfuls, that it would be hardly perceptible. Neither does he think it desirable to reduce the amount of meat eaten to the extent recommended by many physicians, holding it to be an exploded theory that because the body needs little heat in summer it is unnecessary to take a diet of solid, nourishing foods.

The tariff conferees took excellent care of Standard Oil. They made crude petroleum free of duty, which will allow that corporation to procure its raw material from the great Mexican oil fields cheaply and will probably enable it to dictate prices for crude oil to home producers. To be sure, kerosene, gasoline, etc., are also placed upon the free list, but there cannot be any competition in these products of petroleum so long as the alleged division of territory with the great Russian oil fields exists. The Standard Oil can fix prices as arbitrarily under the new tariff as it did under the old, for it will practically have no competition. The independent oil producers plead strongly for protection of their product, but Standard Oil won the contest.

Will the action of Congress change the products of petroleum to the consumer, is now the question. Probably not! With the Russian products barred out by agreement, Standard Oil controls the American market and can dictate prices to consumers. It is one case in which free raw material may not operate to the advantage of consumers of the finished product. The effect of the action of Congress is to cheapen the cost of its raw material to Standard Oil, while a division of territory with its Russian competitor allows it to dictate the prices of the finished product.

WORKINGS OF  
PARDONS BOARD

EXPERIENCE OF A PETITIONER  
FOR RELEASE FROM STATE  
PRISON DESCRIBED

## Controlled By One Man

Interesting Letter to Be Used By Representative Bishop in Advocacy of Proposed Changes.

The bill passed by the Connecticut General Assembly and vetoed by the Governor, which would free a prisoner in the State prison upon vote of five of the six members of the State Board of Pardons, instead of the unanimous vote of the six being required as now, has aroused much comment throughout the State, owing in part to the two entirely different and irreconcilable points of view which the advocates of the two sides of the question take. The bill and the Governor's veto is still before the Legislature and will come up soon in the House, at which time Representative Frank S. Bishop of New Haven will make a strong speech in favor of the proposed measure. In Mr. Bishop's speech on the floor of the House, he will read a letter from H. E. Simmons, describing his experience in petitioning the Board of Pardons. The letter is rather illuminating in some of its statements and worthy of the very least of careful consideration. The letter in full follows:

Hartford, Conn., July 28, 1909.  
Hon. Frank S. Bishop,  
No. 42 Church Street,  
New Haven, Connecticut.

My Dear Sir: It is no easy matter to write a condensed account of my personal experience before the Board of Pardons, that would be of any use at all, except to show action by the board to be upon the vote of five out of the six, in place of compelling it to be upon a unanimous vote.

Of course this apparent unanimity means that one man has the power to prevent the other five members of the board from doing what they believe to be right; and the statement made that all action by the Board of Pardons has been unanimous, simply means that the five "obedient men" have yielded perforce, to the one "conservative man," who is always right!

My Board of Pardons which met last December was not made with any expectation of a favorable result, as it is well understood that the board will not take into the question of the guilt or innocence of a petitioner; but to give an answer to the question, "Can a poor man obtain justice in the State of Connecticut?"

The only reason alleged in my petition was, that I had never committed any crime, which was convicted; and also that no such crimes were ever committed, and this I proposed to prove by the State's evidence as given at the trial; and no attack was made upon the court, officers, trial or anything, only my claims being proved, I thought the inference must be that I was not guilty. In addition to the evidence, I produced my book showing the accounting for the money claimed to have been embezzled as the entries were made at the time, and fully sustaining my claims.

I was unable to hire a lawyer, from my poverty caused by my unjust and illegal arrest, and so had to present my own case, and after speaking a few minutes, one of the members, the chairman, broke in upon me saying, "We understand your case, we will hear what Mr. (the State's) lawyer has to say," and it was not until the chairman, the Governor, had told me to go on and they would hear me, that I was allowed to speak, but all the time I knew that the fatal one man had spoken!

The State's attorney followed and at once went into the question of the trial, asserting the fairness and legality of it and that there was no merit in my contention; so much so that on Dec. 14, I filed another petition in which I asked leave to file official copy of the entire testimony as given at the trial; the charge to the jury; the record of the court, and the formation of the counts upon which conviction was had; and I asked that full and impartial examination be made of these exhibits, "and if your petitioner be proven guilty of the charges made in the information by the testimony as given at the trial; under the law as laid down by the honorable court; he be required to remain in state prison until he shall have been fully punished for his wrongdoing; but if the testimony, with the law as laid down by the court, shall prove that none of the charges as made in the information be true; then that your petitioner be released from confinement in the state prison, upon the ground of his innocence of the charges made; and upon the other ground," and yet with this reasonable request, and the official exhibits, my petition was refused and I was not even allowed to file the exhibits as proposed.

Hearing nothing from either of my petitions, I asked the secretary of the board what action had been taken, and was told it was not the custom of the board to make a report unless the action was a favorable one! On February 19, 1909, I asked the secretary of the board if there was any rule of the board which would prevent their taking action upon either of my petitions, and would he state definitely what the rule is, and whether it is a part of the law creating the board, or simply a rule which has been made by the state's own guidance, and the law as laid down by the court, shall prove that none of the charges as made in the information be true; then that your petitioner be released from confinement in the state prison, upon the ground of his innocence of the charges made; and upon the other ground," and yet with this reasonable request, and the official exhibits, my petition was refused and I was not even allowed to file the exhibits as proposed.

To these enquiries, under date of Hartford, February 24, 1909, I received the following answer, which I quote verbatim, so that it may be seen just how much chance an innocent man, imprisoned wrongfully, has for obtaining justice:

H. E. Simmons, Esq.,  
1433 Broad Street, Hartford, Conn.:  
"I am in receipt of yours of the 19th inst., and in reply will say that while it is not a rule of law, yet it is a rule of practice before the board of pardons that the board generally considers only reasons for pardon and does not attempt to go into the trial of the question of fact and ascertain the guilt of a petitioner."

"Under our system of government you can, at once see the reason for that, our jury system being the tribunal delegated with the power of ascertaining the facts in any case, and the board of pardons merely being a board created to extend mercy when it seems to be in the interests of the state."  
"I suppose there have been cases where the board have pardoned those accused on the ground of their ignorance, but I do not know of such a case."

"Very truly yours,  
"EDWARD M. DAY."

It will be noticed that the board of pardons are in existence for just two things, to maintain the absolute infallibility of every verdict rendered by a jury, and also "to extend mercy when it seems to be in the interests of the state," and for no other purpose!

To show that cases of prisoners claiming to be innocent or not guilty are not infrequent, the records show

that out of 43 applications made in December, 15 of them, or more than one-third, claimed to be wrongfully imprisoned; and one of the number sentenced to life imprisonment claimed that he had new evidence to prove his innocence, discovered since the time limit expired; for an examination of the present law will show that three years from the date of sentence, wrong becomes right, and injustice becomes justice!

Every man of the 15 was "turned down," and no mercy in the interest of the state was extended to them. One of these men (I quote from the printed record required for each man) Peter Kelly, 56 years old, life sentence for second degree murder, convicted January 23, 1904. This is his second application, and he has new evidence to prove his innocence, "having influential friends for his aid, and money to employ a lawyer, in spite of a rule of the board, that no man shall make more than one application for pardon." On the 15th of June, and upon exactly the same evidence which was refused in December; it became clear that it was in the interest of the state to extend mercy, and he was pardoned by the board for being innocent, and because another troublesome man, who keeps insisting that he is either guilty or not guilty, did not make an application, or else the interest of the state had very decidedly changed in the interim.

It may be noted here, that of the 46 prisoners at the last meeting, 19 of them claimed to be innocent or not guilty, and one of them was found to be so, and yet none of the others were so fortunate, although one man, "H. E. Simmons," was pardoned for a second degree murder, convicted March 1, 1879, claims he is legally confined, because the man he is accused of killing is still alive," and this was his tenth application, and he is still in prison. But it evidently is not for the interest of the state to even make examination into this case, unless he is fortunate to have some money, and not be opposed by the state's attorney who convicted him!

With the one dictator in this case, from state prison, absolute and conditional, vested by the law in the board of pardons, is it unreasonable to assume that the board will not carry with it the duty to make a careful examination into every petition to see what disposition should be made of it, and not merely to receive the state as represented by the prosecuting officers, but for the best interests of the men so unfortunate as to have fallen under the condemnation of the law, whether justly or unjustly, so that, if possible, they may be restored to a place in the state?

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Most respectfully your obedient servant,  
H. E. SIMMONS.

People with chronic bronchitis, asthma and lung trouble, will find relief and comfort in Foley's Kidney and Urinary Pills.

Two Heads—Three Eyes.  
Danbury's Freak Chicken a Natural Wonder.

Waterbury, Aug. 2.—A chicken among a flock of 13 hatched by a hen owned by Frank McCloskey, of 12 Mountainville avenue, is a wonder as a natural curiosity and if it lives and grows to maturity it is likely to make a reputation for itself among freaks, says the Danbury News.

The chicken has two distinct heads branching from a single neck. There is one eye on each head and a third eye located in the angle between the heads. The other chickens of the flock are all normal. The freak chicken was apparently as well as active as any of the others this morning.

DEDICATED TO JOY RIDERS  
Among the late spasms of poetry that are redolent of gasoline and "boogie" is found the following bit, labelled, "The Joy Riders":

A twisted auto on a dead man's chest—  
Ye ho! and a bottle of rum!  
Drink and the devil had done their best.  
Ye ho! and a bottle of rum!  
The road-house bar and the "lady friend"—  
Ye ho! and a bottle of rum!  
And at eighty miles they took the bend—  
Ye ho! and a bottle of rum!  
A swerve that mocked their drunken wills.  
A crash and a shriek through the darkness thrills:  
"Joy riding" is the pace that kills—  
Ye ho! and a bottle of rum!

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Broad and State Sts.

Registars' Notice  
The Registrars of Voters for the Town of Fairfield will meet at the Town House, Friday, August 6th, and Friday, 13th, from 12 o'clock noon until 9 o'clock P. M., to perfect the caucus registration list for 1909. The Registrars will retain the names of those electors heretofore appearing on the caucus list unless requested to transfer or erase same.

W. M. DALLING,  
JAMES H. FARRELL,  
Registrars of Voters.

ATTENTION  
BUILDERS!  
Resolved, That after August 1st, 1909, no application for a building permit will be acted upon at any meeting of the Board of Building Commissioners, unless said application shall have been fully made out and filed at the office of said Board, together with proper plans and specifications for proposed building, no later than 5 P. M. on the day of said meeting.

Adopted July 9, 1909.  
C. H. BOTSFOORD,  
W. H. R. DUBOIS,  
C. T. BEARDSLEY, JR.,  
Building Commission.

ELMORE S. BANKS,  
Judge.

ANOTHER  
WOMAN  
CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's  
Vegetable Compound

Gardiner, Maine.—"I have been a great sufferer from organic troubles and a severe female weakness. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but I could not bear to think of it. I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash—and was entirely cured after three months' use of them."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner, Me.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial. This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and renewer of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial. Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

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W. K. MOLLAN  
1026 MAIN STREET  
NOTICE

Taken by virtue of an execution to me directed I will sell at public auction at No. 25 Middle Street in the City of Bridgeport 14 days from date which will be on the 11th day of August, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described property to wit: One front bar, one back bar with fixtures, one cash register, 8 mirrors, 30 pictures, 9 tables, 25 chairs, one furnace, 5 dozen glasses, 7 decanters, one heater, one mixer, 2 funnels, one electric fan, one screen, 4 racks, one clock.

Attest,  
JAMES F. BECK,  
Sheriff of the City of Bridgeport.  
Bridgeport, July 28th, 1909. P 25 s

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Bluefish 5 cts. lb.  
25 Lemons for 25 cts.  
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HOTEL RAYMOND  
42 EAST 28th ST.  
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2 Blocks East of B'way  
At Subway Station  
Most convenient and desirable neighborhood. A few minutes' walk to theatres and shops. Quiet, homelike and refined. Rooms \$1.00 AND UPWARDS WITH BATH, \$1.50 AND UPWARDS.  
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2:15 AND 8:15 SHARP  
That Beautiful Rural Play of the  
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By Clyde Fitch  
Introducing  
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These Bargain Prices Still Prevail  
Mats 10 and 20c. Eve. 10, 20 and 30c  
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